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Agenda items 14, 66, and 73 (d), (f), (i), (o), (t) and (y)

Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency

Consolidation of the regime established by the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America and the Caribbean (Treaty of Tlatelolco)

General and complete disarmament: towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: the need for a new agenda

Promotion of multilateralism in the area of disarmament and non-proliferation

National legislation on transfer of arms, military equipment and dual-use goods and technology

Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas

Nuclear disarmament

Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the "Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons"

Letter dated 28 May 2004 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to annex to this letter the text of a press release on the recent ratification by the Republic of Cuba of the Comprehensive Safeguards Agreement with the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the Additional Protocol thereto.

The press release was issued by the Permanent Mission of Cuba to the United Nations.

I should be grateful if this letter and its annex could be circulated as an official document of the fifty-eighth session of the General Assembly under agenda items 14, 66, and 73 (d), (f), (i), (o), (t) and (y).

(*Signed*) Orlando **Requeijo Gual**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

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Annex to the letter of 28 May 2004 from the Permanent Representative of Cuba to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

On 27 May 2004 the Republic of Cuba ratified the Comprehensive Safeguards Agreement with the International Atomic Energy Agency.

With the ratification of this Agreement, which was signed on 18 September 2003, Cuba has once more demonstrated its determination to fulfil all its obligations as a State party to the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) and the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America (Tlatelolco Treaty).

On the same date, 27 May 2004, Cuba ratified the Additional Protocol to the Comprehensive Safeguards Agreement, thereby providing a clear demonstration of its firm commitment to multilateralism and its political will to help achieve general and complete disarmament, including nuclear disarmament, under strict international control.

Cuba hereby reaffirms its unwavering commitment to nuclear disarmament and its determination to continue to do all in its power to achieve the total eradication of nuclear weapons from the face of the earth.